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### **Structure Reports**

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# 3,3'-Dinitro-4,4'-bipyridine

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean  $\sigma(C-C) = 0.007$  Å; R factor = 0.055; wR factor = 0.141; data-to-parameter ratio = 6.6.

In the title compound,  $C_{10}H_6N_4O_4$ , the pyridine rings are oriented at a dihedral angle of 67.8 (1)°. The O-atom pairs are *trans*, each displaced by a similar distance [average = 0.2331 (2) Å] out of the attached pyridine ring plane. In the crystal, intermolecular  $C-H\cdots O$  and  $C-H\cdots N$  interactions link the molecules into a three-dimensional network.

#### Related literature

For applications of the title compound, see: Katritzky *et al.* (2006). For the synthesis, see: Kaczmarek *et al.* (1980). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).

$$O_2N$$

#### **Experimental**

Crystal data

 $C_{10}H_6N_4O_4$   $M_r = 246.19$ Orthorhombic,  $Pna2_1$  a = 9.3580 (19) Å b = 17.815 (4) Å c = 6.3870 (13) Å V = 1064.8 (4) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 293 K $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$  Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan (North *et al.*, 1968)  $T_{\min} = 0.976$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.988$  2089 measured reflections

1071 independent reflections 679 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   $R_{\rm int} = 0.042$  3 standard reflections every 200 reflections intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$   $wR(F^2) = 0.141$  S = 1.00 1071 reflections 163 parameters 1 restraint H-atom parameters constrained  $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.18 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$   $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.22 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ 

**Table 1**Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D$ $ H$ $\cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}\cdots A$
$C2-H2B\cdots O1^{i}$ $C3-H3A\cdots N2^{ii}$ $C10-H10A\cdots O2^{iii}$	0.93	2.40	3.234 (8)	149
	0.93	2.62	3.440 (8)	147
	0.93	2.57	3.392 (6)	148

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x - \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $-y + \frac{1}{2}$ , z + 1; (ii)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}$ ,  $y + \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii) x, y, z + 1.

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1985); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BQ2296).

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supplementary m	aterials	

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# 3,3'-Dinitro-4,4'-bipyridine

## Y. Wang, J.-Y. Xu, D.-Y. Li and L. Shi

#### Comment

The tittle compound, 3,3'-dinitro-4,4'-bipyridine is an important intermediate (Katritzky *et al.*, 2006) and we report here the crystal structure of the title compound, (I).

The molecular structure of (I) is shown in Fig. 1, and the intermolecular C—H···O and C—H···N hydrogen bonds (Table 1) result in the molecular packing in three dimension (Fig. 2.). The bond lengths and angles are within normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987).

In the molecule of the title compound, the dihedral angle of the pyridine rings [(C1-C5/N1) and (C6-C10/N2)] is 67.8 (1)°.

In the crystal structure, intermolecular C—H···O and C—H···N interactions link the molecules.

#### **Experimental**

The title compound, (I) was prepared by the method of Ullmann reaction reported in literature (Kaczmarek *et al.* (1980). The crystals were obtained by dissolving (I) (0.2 g, 0.81 mmol) in ethanol (25 ml) and evaporating the solvent slowly at room temperature for about 5 d.

#### Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined as riding groups, with C—H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ .

#### **Figures**

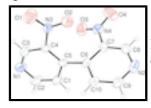


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.



Fig. 2. A packing diagram of (I), viewed down c-axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

# supplementary materials

# 3,3'-dinitro-4,4'-bipyridine

Crystal data

 $C_{10}H_6N_4O_4$ F(000) = 504 $M_r = 246.19$  $D_{\rm x} = 1.536 \; {\rm Mg \; m}^{-3}$ 

Orthorhombic, Pna21 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Hall symbol: P 2c -2n Cell parameters from 25 reflections

 $\theta = 9-13^{\circ}$ a = 9.3580 (19) Åb = 17.815 (4) Å  $\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 Kc = 6.3870 (13) ÅBlock, yellow  $V = 1064.8 (4) \text{ Å}^3$ 

Z = 4 $0.20\times0.10\times0.10~mm$ 

Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4 679 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ diffractometer

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.042$ Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.4^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^{\circ}$ graphite

 $h = -11 \rightarrow 0$  $\omega/2\theta$  scans Absorption correction: ψ scan

 $k = -21 \rightarrow 21$ (North et al., 1968)  $T_{\min} = 0.976$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.988$  $l = -7 \rightarrow 0$ 

2089 measured reflections 3 standard reflections every 200 reflections

1071 independent reflections intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct Refinement on  $F^2$ 

methods

Least-squares matrix: full Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$ 

sites

 $wR(F^2) = 0.141$ H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.075P)^2]$ S = 1.00

where  $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 

 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$ 1071 reflections  $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.18 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$ 163 parameters

 $\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$ 1 restraint

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	x	y	Z	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
N1	0.6207 (7)	0.3139 (2)	0.2435 (8)	0.0921 (18)
C1	0.6194 (6)	0.1867 (3)	0.3674 (10)	0.0729 (17)
H1B	0.5890	0.1532	0.4699	0.088*
01	0.8746 (5)	0.2549 (2)	-0.2244 (9)	0.1052 (17)
N2	0.8363 (5)	-0.0689 (2)	0.2211 (10)	0.0747 (15)
O2	0.8568 (5)	0.1406 (2)	-0.1756 (6)	0.0897 (15)
C2	0.5853 (7)	0.2620(3)	0.3771 (10)	0.093(2)
H2B	0.5311	0.2772	0.4916	0.111*
N3	0.8294 (4)	0.2037 (2)	-0.1255 (7)	0.0600 (12)
O3	0.5400 (5)	0.1011 (2)	-0.1225 (8)	0.0950 (16)
C3	0.7017 (6)	0.2911 (3)	0.0879 (10)	0.0721 (18)
H3A	0.7333	0.3269	-0.0075	0.087*
N4	0.6084 (5)	0.0441 (3)	-0.1202 (8)	0.0665 (12)
O4	0.5987 (6)	0.0001 (3)	-0.2657 (8)	0.1145 (18)
C4	0.7423 (5)	0.2184 (2)	0.0572 (8)	0.0491 (12)
C5	0.7021 (5)	0.1625 (2)	0.1959 (8)	0.0461 (11)
C6	0.7473 (5)	0.0821 (2)	0.1935 (8)	0.0504 (13)
C7	0.7029 (5)	0.0261 (3)	0.0504 (9)	0.0518 (13)
C8	0.7463 (6)	-0.0465 (3)	0.0707 (11)	0.0690 (16)
H8A	0.7121	-0.0819	-0.0238	0.083*
C9	0.8758 (6)	-0.0164 (3)	0.3553 (9)	0.0685 (15)
H9A	0.9354	-0.0310	0.4645	0.082*
C10	0.8368 (5)	0.0574(3)	0.3476 (8)	0.0545 (13)
H10A	0.8712	0.0908	0.4475	0.065*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
N1	0.150 (5)	0.066(3)	0.060(3)	0.037(3)	0.023 (4)	0.003(3)
C1	0.097 (4)	0.061(3)	0.061 (4)	0.012(3)	0.036 (4)	0.018(3)
O1	0.108 (4)	0.090(3)	0.118 (4)	-0.002(3)	0.039(3)	0.016(3)
N2	0.077(3)	0.052(3)	0.094 (4)	0.004(2)	-0.006(3)	0.025(3)
O2	0.123 (4)	0.074(3)	0.073 (3)	0.015(2)	0.055(3)	-0.002(2)
C2	0.141 (6)	0.090(4)	0.046(3)	0.039 (4)	0.054 (4)	0.007 (4)
N3	0.077(3)	0.047(2)	0.056(3)	-0.005 (2)	0.030(3)	0.003(2)
O3	0.104(3)	0.071(2)	0.109 (4)	0.009(2)	-0.049(4)	0.010(3)
C3	0.101 (5)	0.048(3)	0.067 (4)	0.014(3)	0.023 (4)	0.015(3)

# supplementary materials

N4	0.062(3)	0.071(3)	0.066(3)	-0.009(2)	-0.013 (3)	0.009(3)
O4	0.115 (4)	0.133 (4)	0.095 (3)	0.016 (3)	-0.050(3)	-0.038 (4)
C4	0.057(3)	0.049 (2)	0.041 (3)	0.011 (2)	0.006(2)	-0.004(2)
C5	0.043 (2)	0.056(3)	0.039(3)	0.005 (2)	0.007(3)	0.001(2)
C6	0.058 (3)	0.043 (2)	0.050(3)	-0.006 (2)	0.004(3)	0.011 (2)
C7	0.047 (3)	0.049 (3)	0.060 (3)	-0.004 (2)	-0.003 (3)	0.000(3)
C8	0.078 (4)	0.054(3)	0.074 (4)	-0.006 (3)	-0.012 (4)	-0.011 (3)
C9	0.085 (4)	0.056 (3)	0.065 (4)	0.005 (3)	-0.016 (4)	0.015 (3)
C10	0.067 (3)	0.056 (3)	0.040 (3)	-0.001 (2)	-0.002 (3)	0.006 (2)
Geometric pa	rameters (Å, °)					
N1—C2		1.302 (7)	C3-	–H3A	0.9	300
N1—C3		1.314 (7)	N4-	-O4	1.2	19 (6)
C1—C2		1.380 (7)	N4-	-C7	1.4	40 (7)
C1—C5		1.409 (8)	C4-	-C5	1.3	85 (6)
C1—H1B		0.9300	C5—	-C6	1.4	94 (6)
O1—N3		1.188 (5)	C6-	-C10	1.3	66 (7)
N2—C9		1.321 (7)	C6-	-C7	1.4	15 (6)
N2—C8		1.338 (8)	C7—	-C8	1.3	62 (6)
O2—N3		1.198 (5)	C8-	–H8A	0.9300	
C2—H2B		0.9300	C9-	-C10	1.365 (7)	
N3—C4		1.447 (6)	C9-	–H9A	0.9300	
O3—N4		1.201 (5)	C10-	—H10A	0.9	300
C3—C4		1.364 (6)				
C2—N1—C3		115.0 (4)	C5—	-C4N3	122	2.6 (4)
C2—C1—C5		117.3 (5)	C4-	-C5C1	115	5.3 (4)
C2—C1—H1E	3	121.3	C4-	-C5C6		7.3 (4)
C5—C1—H1E	3	121.3	C1-	-C5C6		7.2 (4)
C9—N2—C8		115.5 (4)	C10-	—C6—С7		1.7 (4)
N1—C2—C1		127.0 (5)		—C6—C5		3.4 (5)
N1—C2—H2H	3	116.5		C7—C6—C5		5.8 (5)
C1—C2—H2E		116.5	C8-	-C7C6		1.4 (5)
O1—N3—O2		120.2 (5)		-C7N4		7.8 (5)
O1—N3—C4		119.4 (4)		-C7N4		0.8 (4)
O2—N3—C4		120.4 (4)		-C8C7		2.6 (5)
N1—C3—C4		124.3 (5)		-С8Н8А	118	* *
N1—C3—H3A	A	117.9		-С8—Н8А	118	
C4—C3—H3A		117.9		-C9C10		5.7 (5)
O3—N4—O4		119.7 (6)		-С9—Н9А	117	
O3—N4—C7		121.7 (5)		—C9—H9A	113	
O4—N4—C7		118.7 (5)		-C10C6		0.1 (5)
C3—C4—C5		121.0 (5)		-C10H10A	120	
C3—C4—N3		116.4 (5)		-C10H10A	120	
C3—N1—C2-	_C1			-C5C6C7		
		-2.5 (12)				2.7 (7) 2.3 (7)
C5—C1—C2-		0.4 (12)		-C5C6C7		3.3 (7)
C2—N1—C3- N1—C3—C4-		3.1 (10)		—C6—C7—C8		(7) 76.7.(5)
N1—C3—C4— N1—C3—C4—		-1.6 (10)		-C6C7C8		76.7 (5)
N1—C3—C4	—ı <b>v</b> 3	178.8 (6)	C10-	—C6—C7—N4	180	0.0 (4)

# supplementary materials

O1—N3—C4—C3	8.6 (7)	C5—C6—C7—N4	2.5 (8)
O2—N3—C4—C3	-172.1 (6)	O3—N4—C7—C8	162.7 (5)
O1—N3—C4—C5	-171.0 (5)	O4—N4—C7—C8	-17.6(8)
O2—N3—C4—C5	8.3 (7)	O3—N4—C7—C6	-16.5 (7)
C3—C4—C5—C1	-0.6 (8)	O4—N4—C7—C6	163.2 (5)
N3—C4—C5—C1	179.0 (5)	C9—N2—C8—C7	2.9 (9)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-174.7 (5)	C6—C7—C8—N2	-2.2(9)
N3—C4—C5—C6	4.9 (8)	N4—C7—C8—N2	178.6 (5)
C2—C1—C5—C4	1.2 (9)	C8—N2—C9—C10	-2.4(10)
C2—C1—C5—C6	175.9 (6)	N2—C9—C10—C6	1.2 (10)
C4—C5—C6—C10	109.9 (6)	C7—C6—C10—C9	-0.3(7)
C1—C5—C6—C10	-64.1 (6)	C5—C6—C10—C9	177.4 (5)

# Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	$H\cdots A$	D··· $A$	<i>D</i> —H <i>⋯A</i>
C2—H2B···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.40	3.234 (8)	149
C3—H3A···N2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.62	3.440 (8)	147
C10—H10A···O2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.57	3.392 (6)	148

Symmetry codes: (i) x-1/2, -y+1/2, z+1; (ii) -x+3/2, y+1/2, z-1/2; (iii) x, y, z+1.

Fig. 1

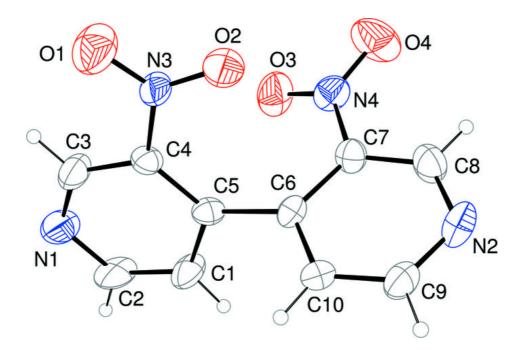


Fig. 2

